



VOCABULARY BANK

Transport and Travel

Transport and Travel | Bank 2: tourism, airports and future transport | Cambridge IGCSE ESL 0511

1. Quick confidence check

Before you study the topic, mark the column that best describes your confidence with each word or phrase.

Word or phrase	New to me	I recognise it	I can use it
tourist destination	☐	☐	☐
book accommodation	☐	☐	☐
boarding pass	☐	☐	☐
security check	☐	☐	☐
flight delay	☐	☐	☐
local economy	☐	☐	☐
travel abroad	☐	☐	☐
carbon emissions	☐	☐	☐
sustainable tourism	☐	☐	☐
electric vehicle	☐	☐	☐
It attracts visitors...	☐	☐	☐
In the future, people may...	☐	☐	☐

2. Vocabulary bank

Here are some useful words, adjectives, verbs and chunks that can be reused in exam answers. If you are not sure of their meaning, check online or ask your teacher.

Category	Useful vocabulary
Tourism	tourist destination, sightseeing, book accommodation, local culture, guided tour, travel abroad, attract visitors, support the local economy
Airports and journeys	boarding pass, security check, departure gate, flight delay, luggage allowance, passport control, connecting flight
Impact of travel	carbon emissions, overcrowding, noise pollution, protect local communities, sustainable tourism, respect local customs
Future transport	electric vehicle, high-speed train, driverless car, reduce pollution, improve safety, make travel more efficient

3. Match the meaning

Match each word or phrase with the correct meaning. Then choose four and write your own examples.

Word or phrase	Meaning
1. tourist destination	a. when a plane leaves later than planned
2. boarding pass	b. travel that tries to protect places and communities
3. flight delay	c. a place many people visit on holiday
4. local economy	d. a vehicle powered by electricity rather than petrol or diesel
5. sustainable tourism	e. a document that allows a passenger to get on a plane
6. electric vehicle	f. the businesses and jobs in a particular area

4. Build useful chunks

Choose useful chunks from the grid. Then write three natural sentences you could use in a speaking or writing answer.

book accommodation	go through security	wait at the departure gate
support the local economy	respect local customs	reduce carbon emissions
travel abroad	a popular tourist destination	future transport may...

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

5. Read in context

Read the text. The bold words are from the vocabulary bank.

Travel, Tourism and the Future

Tourism can bring many benefits to a country or region. A popular **tourist destination** may attract visitors who spend money in hotels, restaurants and shops. This can support the **local economy** and create jobs for people who live there.

Travelling abroad often starts at the airport. Passengers need a passport, a **boarding pass** and enough time to go through the **security check**. If there is a **flight delay**, they may have to change plans or wait for several hours.

Tourism can also create problems. Too many visitors may cause overcrowding, noise or damage to natural places. For this reason, many places are trying to encourage **sustainable tourism**, which means travel that respects local people, culture and the environment.

Transport is likely to change in the future. More people may use an **electric vehicle** or high-speed train to reduce **carbon emissions**. New technology could make journeys safer and more efficient, but travellers will still need to think about the impact of their choices.

6. Check your understanding

Answer the questions in your own words. Use the vocabulary bank where it fits naturally.

READING CHECK

1. How can tourism support a local economy?

2. Give two things passengers may need at an airport.

3. Why can too many visitors become a problem?

4. How might future transport reduce environmental damage?

VOCABULARY IN CONTEXT

What does 'sustainable tourism' mean in the text?

- A. Travel that protects places and communities
- B. A holiday that is very expensive
- C. A journey with no luggage
- D. A flight that leaves early

What is the writer's main point about travel?

- A. Tourism only creates problems.
- B. Airports should be avoided.
- C. Travel has benefits, but people should consider its impact.
- D. Electric vehicles are not useful.

7. Use the vocabulary

Task	What to do
Speaking 1	Describe a tourist destination you know and explain why people visit it.
Speaking 2	Discuss this question: Should tourists pay more to help protect popular places?
Writing	Write a short paragraph explaining one benefit and one problem of tourism.
Review	Return to the confidence table. Choose one item you want to improve and write a clear example sentence.

8. Topic discussion questions

Use these for pair work, small-group discussion, or speaking-test warm-up practice.

- What makes a place attractive to tourists?
- Is tourism always good for local people?
- How can airports make journeys less stressful?
- Would you prefer to travel by plane or high-speed train?
- How might transport change in the next twenty years?

**ANSWER KEY**

Transport and Travel

3. Match the meaning

1. c = a place many people visit on holiday
2. e = a document that allows a passenger to get on a plane
3. a = when a plane leaves later than planned
4. f = the businesses and jobs in a particular area
5. b = travel that tries to protect places and communities
6. d = a vehicle powered by electricity rather than petrol or diesel

6. Check your understanding

1. Visitors spend money in hotels, restaurants and shops, which can create jobs.
2. Any two from: passport, boarding pass, time for security check, luggage allowance, departure gate.
3. Too many visitors may cause overcrowding, noise or damage to natural places.
4. Electric vehicles or high-speed trains may reduce carbon emissions.

MCQ 1: A. Travel that protects places and communities.

MCQ 2: C. Travel has benefits, but people should consider its impact.